## Knowledge Mat: Year 10

## Key Knowledge for Year 10 in Maths

- To combine transformations
- Find compound and simple percentage interest
- Use Laws of indices (differentiated to include fractional and negative powers, surds)
- Volume and surface area of prisms including using unknown formulae (differentiated to include finding areas and volumes of similar shapes)
- Use a tree diagram and venn diagram ٠ for probability (extend to algebraic diagrams)
- Proportionality (differentiated up to include proportional to square/cube of...)
- Rearranging formulae (differentiated to include the subject appearing twice)
- Trigonometry (extends to non-right • angled triangles and 3-D)
- Fractions (extends to algebraic • fractions)
- Draw and criticise pie charts, bar charts, pictograms, line graphs ( differentiated to histograms, cumulative frequency, box plots)

## Wider Experiences / Try To Do...

- Intermediate Maths challenge
- Chess club
- Trips number systems and • ratio
- Mathswatch •
- PIXL Maths app •

## The big questions:

- Can you recall and apply important mathematical facts • and techniques to problems rapidly?
- How much will it cost you to pass your driving test? .
- When is it better to buy 3 for 2 or Buy One Get One free?
- Is Fairtrade fair? Investigate prices online
- "the top 1 per cent of earners in this country are paying 28 per cent of the tax burden" – "the highest percentage ever Is this fair? Is it in proportion with other earners? Develop mathematical thinking so you can critique data.
- What equations must you plot to make a square?
- Can you do the four operations on algebraic fractions?

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Word	Meaning
Analyse	Examine something in detail
Assess	Make an informed judgement.
Comment	Present a written informed opinion.
Complete	Finish a task by adding to given information.
Conversions	Changing from one form to another – eg converting
	from miles to kilometres
Data	A collection facts or numbers
Describe	Present a written account
Estimate	Give an approximate value.
Expand	Multiply parts of an expression to remove any brackets
Factor	A number or algebraic expression that divides exactly
	into another eg 4 is a factor of 12
Factorise	Show an expression as two or more factors
HCF	Highest Common Factor – the highest number which is
	a factor of two or more numbers or expressions
LCM	Lowest Common Multiple – the lowest number which
	is a multiple of two or more numbers or expressions
Measure	Use a mathematical instrument, such as a ruler or
	protractor, to establish the size of a length or angle.
Multiple	A number which is in that particular times table. Eg 12
	is a multiple of 4
Parallel	2 or more lines which remain the same distance apart
	along the whole length
Plot	Mark accurately on a graph.
Prime Number	A number with only 2 factors (itself and 1). Eg 7 is a
	prime number because the only factors of 7 are 1 and 7
Proportion	When 2 numbers or values or linked – Direct
	proportion as one increases, the other increases;
	Indirect proportion as one increases, the other
_	decreases
Prove	Demonstrate something is true based on mathematical
	rules
Rotate	Turn around a fixed point.
Sampling	Selecting some numbers in a set of data
Show	Provide a structured explanation to reach a conclusion
Simplify	Collect and combine terms of an expression to make the expression shorter
Simplify fully	Collect and combine terms of an expression to make
	the expression as short as it will go
Solve	To work out the answer
Term	A single mathematical statement made up of letters
	and/or numbers eg 4x

An unknown number represented by a letter

at an answer

Perform one or a set of steps or calculations to arrive

Variable Work out Vocabulary