STM Knowledge Organiser Year: 11 Subject: Maths

Topic: Functions

Core Knowledge		
Topic/Skill	Definition/Tips	Example
1. Function Machine	Takes an input value, performs some operations and produces an output value.	INPUT X 3 + 4 OUTPUT
2. Function	A relationship between two sets of values.	$f(x) = 3x^2 - 5$ 'For any input value, square the term, then multiply by 3, then subtract 5'.
3. Function notation	f(x) x is the input value f(x) is the output value.	f(x) = 3x + 11 Suppose the input value is $x = 5$ The output value is $f(5) = 3 \times 5 + 11 = 26$
4. Inverse function	 f⁻¹(x) A function that performs the opposite process of the original function. 1. Write the function as y = f(x) 2. Rearrange to make x the subject. 3. Replace the y with x and the x with f⁻¹(x) 	$f(x) = (1 - 2x)^5.$ Find the inverse. $y = (1 - 2x)^5.$ $\sqrt[5]{y} = 1 - 2x$ $1 - \sqrt[5]{y} = 2x$ $\frac{1 - \sqrt[5]{y}}{2} = x$ $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{1 - \sqrt[5]{x}}{2}$
5. Composite function	A combination of two or more functions to create a new function. fg(x) is the composite function that substitutes the function $g(x)$ into the function $f(x)$. fg(x) means 'do g first, then f' gf(x) means 'do f first, then g'	$f(x) = 5x - 3, g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$ What is $fg(4)$? $g(4) = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 + 1 = 3$ $f(3) = 5 \times 3 - 3 = 12 = fg(4)$ What is $fg(x)$? $fg(x) = 5\left(\frac{1}{2}x + 1\right) - 3 = \frac{5}{2}x + 2$

Links to substitution, using four operations, inverse operations, re-arranging, plotting inverse graphs and both composite and inverse composite graphs