STM Knowledge Organiser Year: 9 Subject: Maths Topic: Factors and Multiples

Core Knowledge

Topic/Skill Definition/Tips Example		
_	•	•
1. Multiple	The result of multiplying a number by an	The first five multiples of 7 are:
	integer.	
	The <b>times tables</b> of a number.	7, 14, 21, 28, 35
2. Factor	A number that <b>divides exactly</b> into another	The factors of 18 are:
	number without a remainder.	1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18
	It is useful to write factors in pairs	The factor pairs of 18 are:
	-	1,18
		2,9
		3,6
3. Lowest	The <b>smallest</b> number that is in the <b>times</b>	The LCM of 3, 4 and 5 is 60 because it
Common	<b>tables</b> of each of the numbers given.	is the smallest number in the 3, 4 and 5
Multiple	tubles of each of the numbers given.	times tables.
(LCM)		times tables.
4. Highest	The <b>biggest</b> number that <b>divides exactly</b>	The HCF of 6 and 9 is 3 because it is
Common	into two or more numbers.	the biggest number that divides into 6
Factor (HCF)	into two of more numbers.	and 9 exactly.
5. Prime	A number with <b>exactly two factors</b> .	The first ten prime numbers are:
Number	A number with exactly two factors.	The first ten prime numbers are.
Number	A sussible that one only he divided by itself	2 2 5 7 11 12 17 10 22 20
	A number that can only be divided by itself	2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29
	and one.	
	The number <b>1</b> is not prime, as it only has	
( D :	one factor, not two.	FDI : C : C10
6. Prime	A factor which is a prime number.	The prime factors of 18 are:
Factor		2,3
7 D 1 4 C	T' 1'	
7. Product of	Finding out which <b>prime numbers</b>	$36 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$
Prime Factors	multiply together to make the original	$(2)$ 18 or $2^2 \times 3^2$
	number.	0,000
	Use a <b>prime factor tree.</b>	
		(3)
	Also known as 'prime factorisation'.	

Links to factors, prime numbers, venn diagrams, algebraic factors